





**Copernicus Institute of Sustainable Development** 

# Smart solar charging

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### HU, Utrecht, 14 June 2017



Hier wordt geïnvesteerd in uw toekomst. Dit project wordt mede mogelijk gemaakt door het Europees Fonds voor Regionale Ontwikkeling.

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# Motivation

- More photovoltaic solar energy installations due to decreasing prices (303 GWp globally)
  - Consumers: grid parity
  - Commercial: feasible only with SDE+ subsidy (>15 kWp)
- Link with electric mobility
- Business case: charge EV with solar
- Lombok district → Station area → 5 demo regions
   → ….?





Creating business by developing smart energy services

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## **Smart energy management provides the solution**

- Bidirectional power
- Potentially highly variable
- Link with demand developments?

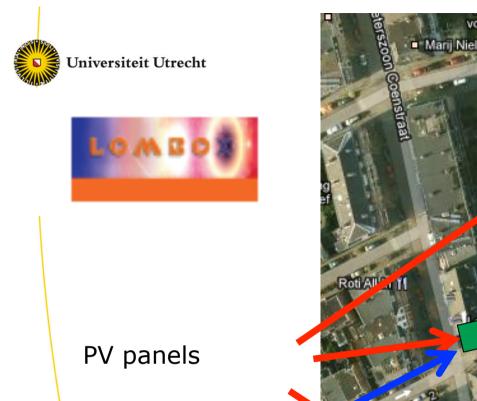
   Demand side management
   (poor on household level, ~10%)
   Electrical mobility
   Heat pumps (gas-free heating scenario)



**Pilot Lombok: E-car4all en Storage4all** 

Objective Develop and evaluate algorithms for a smart grid system that can increase self-consumption of PVpower by storing electricity in EVs in the residential sector while meeting the demands by the use of the EVs

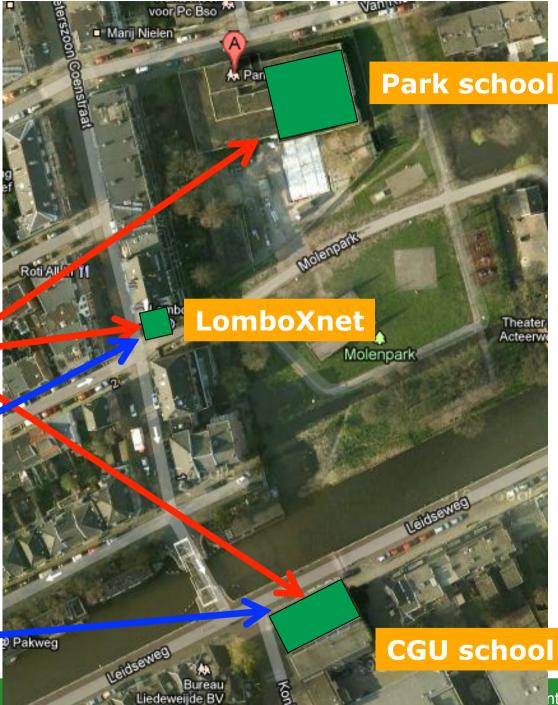




E-car charger

NEW: bidirectional charger/discharger

6











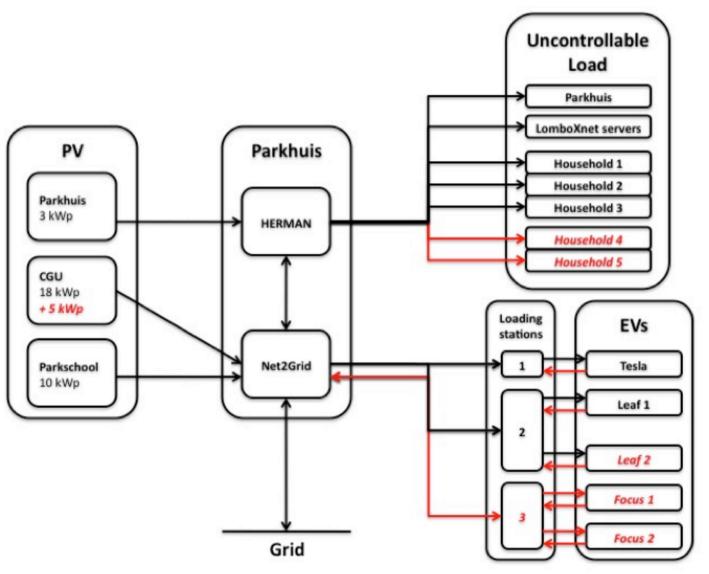


Utrecht <sub>s</sub>Lombok

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# Model development



Van der Kam, 2015

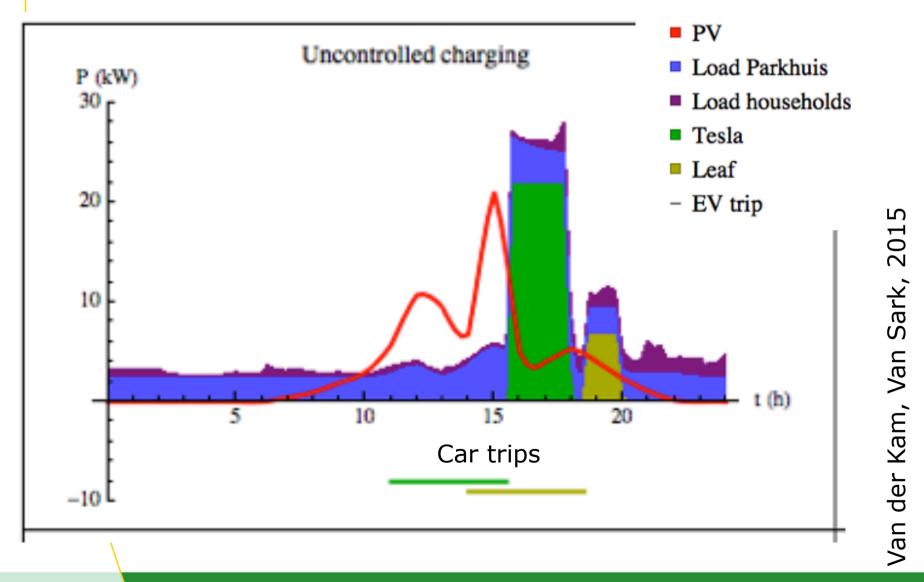


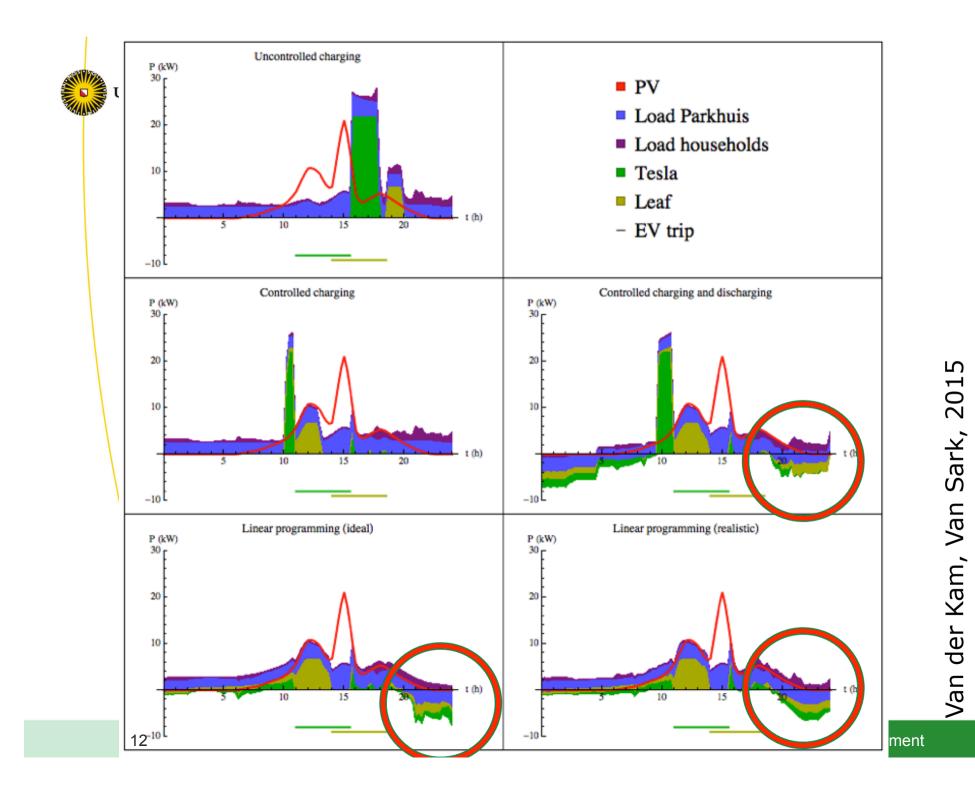
## **Strategies EV-charging**

- Uncontrolled charging: "plug&charge"
- Controlled charging
- Controlled charging and discharging
- Linear optimization
  - (Dis-)charging profile established through mathematical optimisation
  - Good predictions for PV and demand necessary
  - Evaluation with and without <u>perfect information</u> (ideal vs. realistic)



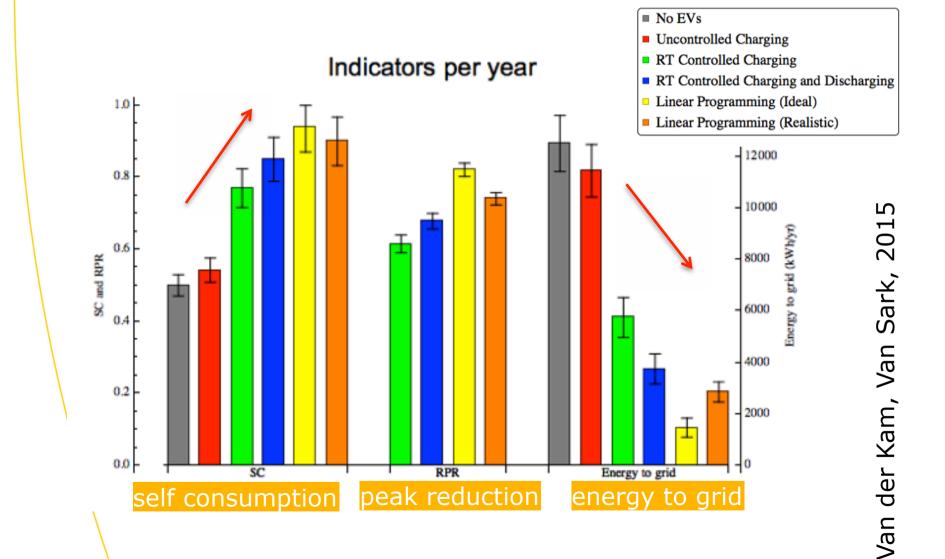
# Results: uncontrolled charging







# Results: self consumption, peak reduction, energy to grid





### **Summary**

- Smart grid control algorithms for managing the (dis)charging profile of multiple EVs, either in real-time or using linear optimization with predictions for PVpower and electricity demand
- Results show that smart storage of (solar) electricity in EVs can increase self-consumption with 23% to 38%, reduce energy sent to the main grid with 3 to 9 MWh per year and reduce peaks with 27% to 67% (in this case study)

NOW: time for experimental data (bidirectional chargers)

→ WE DRIVE SOLAR

# WE DRIVE SOLAR



LomboXnet -ISP with own fiber network -4.000 costumers in Utrecht







# June 9th 2015:

First solar-controlled, V2G public AC charging station in the world

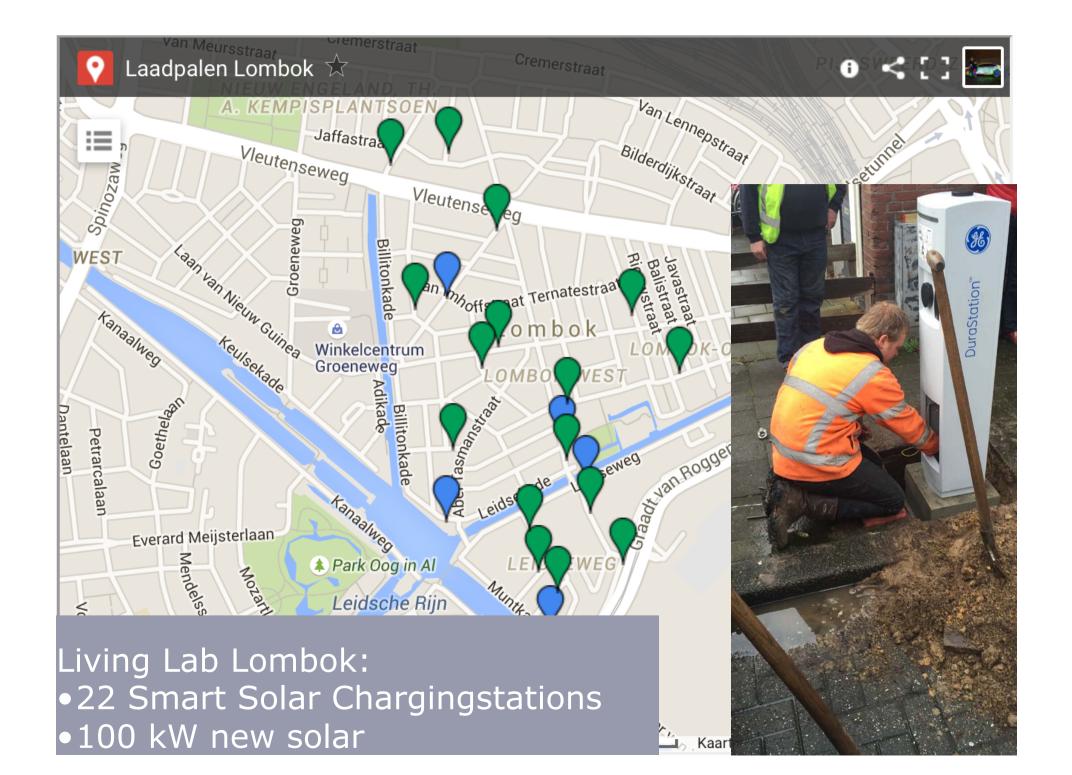
44 kW grid connection

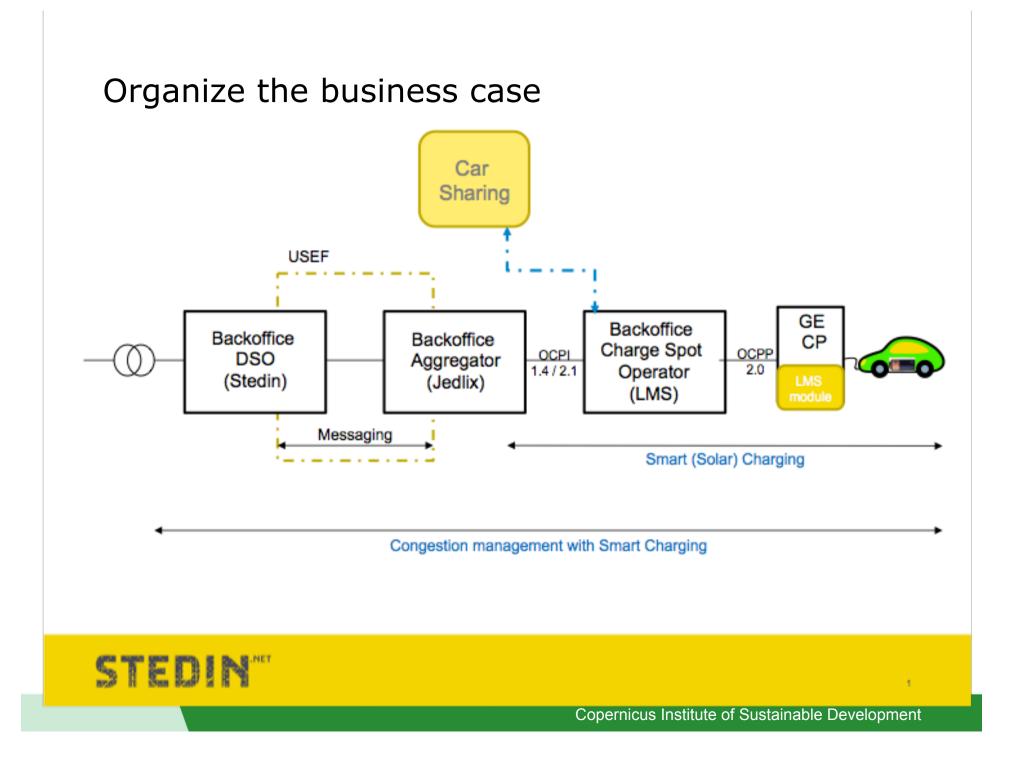






June 9th 2015: live demonstration during international V2G-meeting Nissan



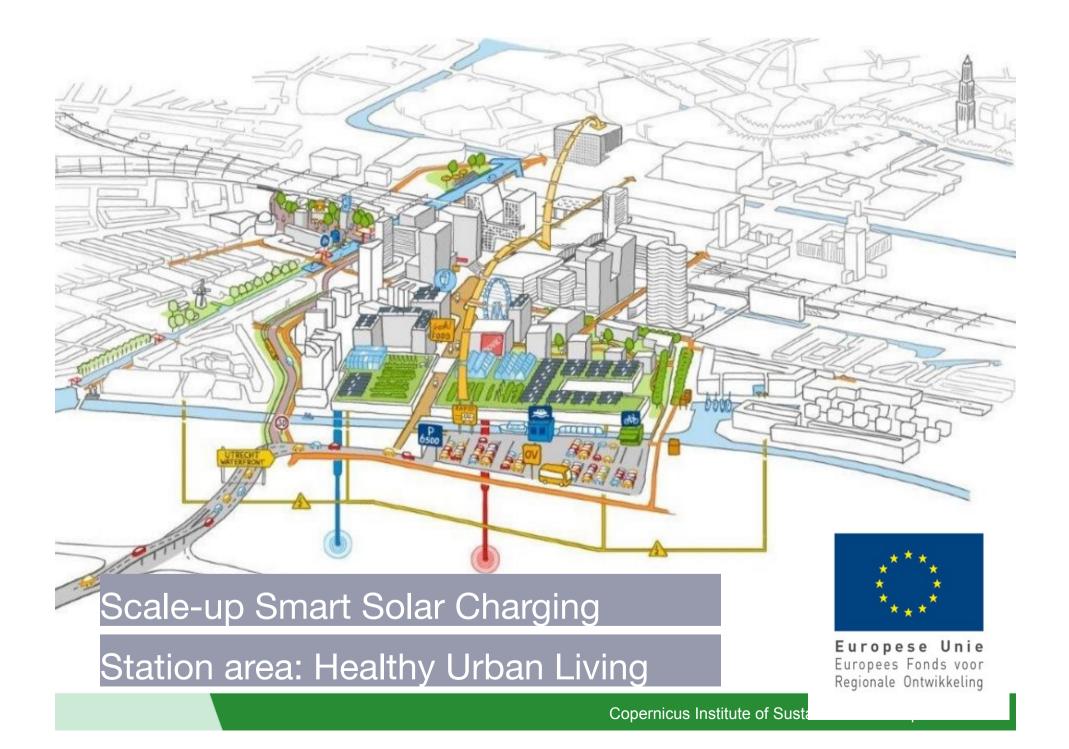


# Universiteit Utrecht Ambition Utrecht Region 2018/2019

1.000 solar chargers, 1.000 shared EV's, 10.000 new solar panels, 100.000 users

First region in Europe with clean energy- and mobility system based on solar







# 22 kW AC bidirectional charging

96

Oplaadpunt

Standards together with Elaad

JP-91





### Smart Solar Charging





### Smart Solar Charging

A sustainable energy system at district level. Locally produced solar energy is stored in (pool) cars. This energy can be released to the district at a later time, via a smart charging station.

#### Read more



### The project

The experiences in Lombok will be developed further and tested over the next four years in five linked pilot areas in the Utrecht region. This will result in marketable product-service combinations for various types of areas. **Read more** 



# Five pilot areas in the Utrecht region

All areas combine the production of renewable energy with Vehicle2Gridcharging points and car sharing systems. Each pilot area has its own user profile, type of customer and specific market. <u>Read more</u>